## **House of Representatives**



General Assembly

File No. 219

February Session, 2012

House Bill No. 5355

House of Representatives, April 2, 2012

The Committee on Education reported through REP. FLEISCHMANN of the 18th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the bill ought to pass.

#### AN ACT CONCERNING MUSEUM PROPERTY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2012) As used in this section
- 2 and sections 2 to 10, inclusive, of this act:
- 3 (1) "Museum" means any nonprofit or public institution that is
- 4 organized for educational, scientific, historic or aesthetic purposes, and
- 5 which owns, borrows, cares for, studies, archives or exhibits property.
- 6 Museums may include, but not be limited to, historical societies, parks,
- 7 historic sites and monuments, archives and libraries;
- 8 (2) "Property" means any tangible object in the possession of and
- 9 under a museum's care that has intrinsic educational, scientific,
- 10 historical, artistic, aesthetic or cultural value;
- 11 (3) "Loan" means a deposit with a museum that (A) title to the
- 12 property is not transferred to the museum, (B) the loan agreement for
- 13 such deposit does not include a provision that the museum acquire title at

some time after such deposit is made, or (C) the loan agreement for such deposit includes an option for the museum to acquire title at some time after such deposit is made;

- (4) "Lender" means a person whose name appears on the records of a museum as the person legally entitled to, or claiming to be legally entitled to, property held by the museum or, if such person is deceased, the legal heirs of such person.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2012) (a) Any property on loan to a museum that is subject to a loan agreement shall be deemed to be donated to the museum if (1) no claim of ownership is made or action filed to recover such property by the owner after termination or expiration of the loan, and (2) the museum has given notice, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this act, and no claim of ownership is made or action to recover such property is filed on or before sixty days after the publication of the second notice.
- (b) A museum may terminate a loan of property for any property that was loaned to the museum for an indefinite term if the property has been in the possession of the museum for at least five years. Any property on loan to a museum and whose loan agreement indicates that such property is on permanent loan to the museum shall be considered loaned for an indefinite term for purposes of this subsection. The property for any loan of property that has been terminated pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed donated to the museum.
- (c) A museum may terminate a loan of property for any property that was loaned to the museum for a specified term after the expiration of such specified term, provided the museum provides notice of such termination in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this act. The property for any loan of property that has been terminated pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed donated to the museum.
- (d) The owner of property loaned to a museum shall provide such museum with written notice of (1) any change of the address of such

owner, (2) the designated agent of such owner, (3) the address of such designated agent, and (4) the name and address of any new owner of such property if there is a change in the ownership of such property loaned to the museum.

- (e) A museum accepting a loan of property shall provide the owner of such property a written copy of the provisions of sections 1 to 10, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2012) Any property in the possession of a museum that is not subject to a loan agreement shall be deemed to be abandoned if (1) such property is unclaimed and has been in the possession of the museum as unclaimed property for at least five years, and (2) the museum has given notice, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of this act, and no claim of ownership is made or action to recover such property is filed on or before sixty days after the publication of the second notice. Any abandoned property in the possession of a museum shall become the property of such museum.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2012) Each museum shall maintain a record, in accordance with the regulations adopted by the State Librarian pursuant to section 10 of this act, of all property on loan to the museum, including the name and address of the lender, if known, and the dates that such property is to be on loan to the museum and a copy of the loan agreement for such property. The museum shall provide a copy of such record and the loan agreement to the lender of property at the time that such lender makes the loan of property to the museum. If a museum is notified of a change in ownership of any property on loan to the museum, the museum shall create a new record for such property and update the existing loan agreement and shall provide a written copy of such new record and such updated loan agreement to the new owner of such property. If a museum becomes the owner of any property on loan to the museum, the museum shall maintain a record of such ownership in accordance with the regulations adopted by the State Librarian pursuant to section 10 of

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79 this act.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) Prior to a museum (1) accepting donated property pursuant to section 2 of this act, or (2) taking ownership of abandoned property pursuant to section 3 of this act, the museum shall provide notice that the museum may become the owner of such property. Such notice shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address of the lender on record with the museum.

- (b) If the museum does not have an address on record for the lender of the property, or the museum does not receive written proof of receipt of the mailed notice after thirty days after the date such notice was mailed, the museum shall publish a notice, at least once each week for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation in the town in which the museum is located and the town of the lender on record with the museum, if available. Such published notice shall contain: (1) A brief and general description of the unclaimed property, (2) the name and address of the lender on record with the museum, (3) a request that all persons who may have any knowledge of the whereabouts of the lender provide written notice to the museum, and (4) a statement that if no claim of ownership is made or action to recover such property is filed on or before sixty days after publication of the second notice, the property shall be deemed donated or abandoned and shall become the property of the museum.
- (c) For purposes of this section, if the loan of property was made to a branch of a museum, the museum shall be considered to be located in the town in which such branch is located. Otherwise the museum is located in the town in which it has its principal place of business.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2012) (a) If a museum receives a written claim of ownership for any property for which notice of donation or abandonment was made, pursuant to section 5 of this act, from the lender, or the designated agent of the lender, the museum shall return such property to the lender or carry out the disposition of such property as the lender requests not later than sixty days after

receipt of such written claim of ownership. The lender shall advise the museum in writing as to the disposition of such property or how such property is to be returned to the lender. Any costs incurred as a result of returning such property or the disposition of such property shall be the responsibility of the lender unless the lender and the museum have mutually agreed to alternate arrangements.

- (b) If a museum receives a written claim of ownership for any property for which notice of donation or abandonment was made, pursuant to section 5 of this act, from a person other than the lender on record with the museum, the museum shall, not later than sixty days after receipt of such written claim of ownership, determine if such ownership claim is valid. A claimant shall submit proof of ownership to the museum with such written claim of ownership. If more than one person submits a written claim of ownership, the museum may delay its determination of ownership until the competing claims are resolved by agreement or legal action. If the museum determines that such written claim of ownership is valid or if the competing claims are resolved by agreement or judicial action, the museum shall return the property to the claimant submitting the valid claim of ownership or dispose of the property as such valid claimant requests. Any costs incurred as a result of returning such property or the disposition of such property shall be the responsibility of the valid claimant unless such valid claimant and the museum have mutually agreed to alternate arrangements.
- (c) If no written claim of ownership is presented to the museum on or before sixty days after the publication of the second notice, such property shall be deemed donated or abandoned and title to the property shall vest in the museum, free of all claims from the lender or other persons claiming title under the lender.
- (d) Any person who purchases or otherwise acquires property from a museum that obtained such property by donation or abandonment pursuant to this section and sections 2 and 3 of this act shall acquire good title to such property.

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Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2012) (a) A museum may apply conservation or protective measures to any property on loan to the museum without the permission of the lender or formal notice to the lender, unless the written loan agreement for such property provides otherwise, if (1) action is required to (A) protect such property or other property in the possession of the museum, or (B) protect the health and safety of the public or museum staff because such property is a hazard, and (2) (A) the museum is unable to contact the lender at the address on record for the lender within three days before the time the museum determines action is necessary, or (B) the lender does not (i) respond or agree to the conservation or protective measures recommended by the museum, and (ii) terminate the loan and take possession of such property on or before the third day that the museum contacts such lender.

- (b) If a museum applies conservation or protective measures to any property on loan to the museum under this section, or with the agreement of the lender, unless the written loan agreement for such property provides otherwise, the museum shall acquire a lien on such property in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the museum for such conservation or protective measures taken.
- (c) The museum shall not be liable for injury to or loss of any property that was on loan to the museum and for which conservation or protective measures were taken under this section, if the museum (1) had a reasonable belief at the time the conservation or protective measures were taken that such measures were necessary to protect such property or other property in the possession of the museum, or that such property was a hazard to the health and safety of the public or museum staff, and (2) exercised reasonable care in the choice and application of such conservation and protective measures.
- Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) The provisions of sections 1 to 10, inclusive, of this act shall not apply to any property in the possession of a museum pursuant to the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, P.L. 101-601.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) Nothing in sections 1 to 10, inclusive, of this act shall be construed to abrogate the rights and obligations of a lender, claimant or museum identified in a written loan agreement.

- (b) The provisions of sections 1 to 10, inclusive, of this act shall not preclude a museum from availing itself of any other means of establishing or perfecting title to property in the possession of the museum.
- (c) A museum shall be entitled to bring a civil action to recover the costs and expenses and reasonable attorney's fees incurred while successfully defending an action from a party challenging the ownership right of such museum to any property acquired by such museum pursuant to sections 2, 3 and 6 of this act.
- Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) The State Librarian shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes, to (1) prescribe the form of written notification to persons loaning property pursuant to section 2 of this act, and (2) the procedures for recording and maintaining records of property on loan to a museum pursuant to section 4 of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following					
sections:					
Section 1	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 2	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 3	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 4	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 5	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 6	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 7	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 8	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 9	October 1, 2012	New section			
Sec. 10	October 1, 2012	New section			

#### **ED** Joint Favorable

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

#### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 13 \$	FY 14 \$
Library, CT State; UConn;	GF - Potential	Potential	Potential
Department of Economic &	Savings		
Community Development			
Library, CT State; UConn;	GF - Potential	less than	less than
Department of Economic &	Cost	\$50 per item	\$50 per item
Community Development		_	_

Note: GF=General Fund

#### Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 13 \$	FY 14 \$
Various Municipalities	Potential	Potential	Potential
	Savings		
Various Municipalities	Potential	less than \$50	less than \$50
	Cost	per item	per item

#### Explanation

The bill results in a potential savings to the Connecticut State Library, the University of Connecticut and the Department of Economic and Community Development along with various municipalities, all which operate museums. The savings is due to allowing museums to place a lien against certain donated property for the cost of conservation and protective measures for certain donated property. The exact savings is dependent upon the properties meeting the requirements of the bill and the costs of conservation and preservation employed.

Additionally the bill results in potential gain of asset value to such museums as it allows for the taking of ownership of certain properties loaned to the museums if a lender fails to reclaim it and other requirements are met. The taking of ownership results in a cost of less

tha \$50 per donated item due to notice requirements to lenders.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to the number of unclaimed items, measures taken to conserve items and inflation.

## OLR Bill Analysis HB 5355

#### AN ACT CONCERNING MUSEUM PROPERTY.

#### **SUMMARY:**

This bill allows a museum:

- 1. after giving required notice, to take ownership of certain property loaned to it if the lender fails to reclaim it after the loan agreement expires or, if there is no agreement or the loan is for an indefinite period, the property is unclaimed and has been in the museum's possession for at least five years and
- 2. unless a written loan agreement provides otherwise, to apply conservation and protective measures to loaned property in its possession without the lender's permission under certain circumstances.

It gives the museum a lien against the property for the cost of conservation and protective measures and, as long as its actions were reasonable, relieves it from liability for any damage to the property the measures cause.

#### The bill also requires:

- 1. museums to keep records of loaned property and provide a written copy of the bill's provisions to everyone who loans property to them;
- 2. owners loaning property to give museums written notice of (a) any change of address, (b) appointment of any designated agent and the agent's address, and (c) if ownership changes, the new owner's name and address; and

3. the state librarian to adopt regulations specifying the form of the required museum records and notices to lenders.

The bill applies to nonprofit or public institutions, including historical societies, parks, historic sites and monuments, archives, and libraries, organized for scientific, educational, cultural, historic, or aesthetic purposes, and to tangible objects in their possession and care that have intrinsic educational, scientific, historical, aesthetic, artistic, or cultural value. It does not apply to property a museum holds under the federal Native American Graves Protection and Restoration Act.

The bill states that its provisions (1) cannot be construed to abrogate a museum's, lender's, or other claimant's rights and obligations identified in a written loan agreement or (2) do not preclude a museum from using other means to establish or perfect title to property in its possession. It also gives a museum the right to sue to recover costs and attorneys' fees incurred in successfully defending its title to property acquired under the bill.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2012

# GAINING OWNERSHIP OF LOANED PROPERTY Property Subject to the Ownership Process (§§ 2 & 3)

A museum may use the bill's procedure to take ownership of loaned property in its possession when:

- 1. for property subject to a loan agreement and loaned for a specified time, no one claims ownership or seeks to recover the property after the loan is terminated or expires;
- 2. for property subject to a loan agreement and loaned for an indefinite period or for which the loan agreement specifies a permanent loan, no one claims ownership and the museum has held the property for at least five years; and
- 3. for property not subject to a loan agreement, the property is unclaimed and has been in the museum's possession for at least

five years.

Under the bill, loaned property is property deposited with a museum without any transfer of ownership, and includes property deposited under a loan agreement giving the museum the right to acquire the property in the future.

#### Notice Requirements (§ 5)

Before taking ownership of loaned property, a museum must send written notice that it may do so to the lender, at the address listed in the museum's records. Under the bill, the lender is the person whose name appears in the museum's records as being legally entitled to the property or, if the person has died, his or her heirs.

The notice must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the museum has no address listed or if, after 30 days, it does not receive written proof that the notice was received, it must publish a notice at least once a week for two consecutive weeks in a general circulation newspaper in the towns where the museum and, if available, the lender, are located.

The newspaper notice must:

- 1. give a brief and general description of the property;
- 2. provide the lender's name and address as listed in the museum's records;
- 3. ask those with knowledge of the lender's whereabouts to notify the museum; and
- 4. state that, if the museum does not receive a written ownership claim or notice of any other action to reclaim the property within 60 days after publishing the second notice, the property will be considered abandoned or donated and become the museum's property.

If the property was loaned to a museum branch, the museum's

location is considered to be that of the branch. Otherwise, the museum's location is considered to be the town where it has its principal place of business.

#### Ownership Claims (§ 6 (a) & (b))

If, after giving the required notice, the museum receives a written claim of ownership for the property from the lender or his or her designated agent, it must return the property within 60 days after receiving the claim. The lender must give written instructions on how to dispose of the property or return it. Unless the museum and the lender agree on other arrangements, the lender is responsible for any costs of disposing of or returning the property.

If the written claim is from a person other than the lender specified in the museum's records, the museum must determine the validity of the claim within 60 days after receipt, based on proof of ownership the claimant must submit with the claim. If the museum receives more than one written claim of ownership, the bill allows it to delay its ownership determination until the competing claims are resolved by agreement or legal action.

Once ownership is determined, the bill requires the museum to return or dispose of the property as the owner requests. Unless the owner and the museum agree on other arrangements, the owner is responsible for any costs for returning or disposing of the property.

## If No One Claims Ownership (§ 6 (c) & (d))

If the museum receives no written ownership claims within 60 days after it publishes the second required notice, the property is considered donated or abandoned and the museum become its owner free of all ownership claims by the lender or anyone else claiming ownership. The bill specifies that anyone who buys or otherwise acquires the property from the museum acquires good title to it.

## AUTHORIZATION TO APPLY CONSERVATION AND PROTECTIVE MEASURES (§ 7)

Unless the written loan agreement provides otherwise, the bill

allows a museum to apply conservation or protective measures to loaned property without formal notice to, or permission from, the lender if:

- 1. the action is required to protect the property itself, other museum property, or, because the property is a hazard, the health and safety of the museum staff or the public and
- 2. within three days before applying the measures, the museum (a) cannot contact the lender at the address in the museum's records or (b) the lender does not respond or agree to the recommended measures and fails to take the property back on or before the third day after being contacted.

If the museum applies the measures under these circumstances, it acquires a lien on the property for their cost. The bill also relieves the museum of any liability for damage the measures cause to the property if it (1) reasonably believed the measures were needed to protect (a) the property or other property in its possession or (b) museum staff or the public from a health and safety hazard caused by the property and (2) exercised reasonable care in choosing and applying the measures.

### **MUSEUM RECORDKEEPING (§ 4)**

The bill requires museums to keep records of all loaned property according to regulations the state librarian must adopt. Each loan's record must include (1) the lender's name and address, if known; (2) the dates the property is to be on loan; and (3) a copy of the loan agreement. The museum must give the lender a copy of the record and the loan agreement when he or she loans the property. If notified of a change in the ownership of any loaned property, the museum must create a new record, update the loan agreement, and provide copies to the new owner. If the museum becomes the property's owner, it must maintain an ownership record according the state librarian's regulations.

#### COMMITTEE ACTION

## **Education Committee**

Joint Favorable

Yea 32 Nay 0 (03/14/2012)